

Spectral entropy of turbulence in numerical simulations of astrophysical plasmas, and plasma propulsion devices

R. A. Miranda^a, A. C.-L. Chian^{b,c}, E. L. Rempel^{c,d}, R. A. F. Alves^a, J. L. Ferreira^a

^a *University of Brasilia, Brasilia-DF 70910-900, Brazil.*

^b *University of Adelaide, Adelaide-SA 5005, Australia.*

^c *National Institute for Space Research (INPE), São José dos Campos-SP, Brazil.*

^d *Aeronautics Institute of Technology (ITA), São José dos Campos-SP, Brazil.*

rmiracer@unb.br

Observational studies show that rare, large-amplitude coherent structures in turbulent plasmas are responsible for non-Gaussian fluctuations [1], multifractality [2], synchronization among scales [3], low entropy and high complexity [4]. We demonstrate the role of coherent structures detected by in-situ experiments in the interplanetary magnetic field turbulence. Then, we describe numerical simulations of magnetohydrodynamic turbulence in a Keplerian shear flow, in a regime of on-off intermittency [5]. By computing the Shannon entropy in the spectral space we show that large-scale coherent structures are characterized by low values of the spectral entropy. We will also present particle-in-cell numerical simulations of a two-dimensional model of a plasma propulsion device known as the Hall thruster. We demonstrate that the plasma in a Hall thruster displays turbulence and coherent structures arising from the ExB electron drift instability, which can affect the thruster efficiency.

- [1] L.Sorriso-Valvo, V. Carbone, P.Giuliana, P. Veltri, R. Bruno, V. Antoni, E. Martines. *Planetary Space Sci.* **49** (2001) 1193.
- [2] R. Bruno, V. Carbone, *Living Rev. in Solar Phys.* **10** (2013), 1.
- [3] A. C.-L. Chian and R. A. Miranda, *Ann. Geophys.* **27**, (2009), 1789.
- [4] R. A. Miranda, J. A. Valdivia, A. C.-L. Chian, P. R. Muñoz, *Astrophys. J.* **923** (2021) 132.
- [5] R. A. Miranda, E. L. Rempel, A. C.-L. Chian, *Mon. Not. Royal Astron. Soc.* **448** (2015) 804.